Backyard Beekeeping, Our Approach & Experiences

by Gretchen & Russ Killingsworth

Honey Bee on Indian Hawthorne in our backyard

About Us

- Beekeepers since 2012
- 1 to 4 hives in neighborhood backyard (sometimes zero)



- Harvested >800 lbs honey, propolis, wax
- Metro Beekeepers Association
 - -Members since 2012
 - -On Board since 2020
- Gretchen
 - -MBA class teacher 2020, '21, '22, '23, '24
 - -MBA youth scholarship mentor
 - -Honey sales at Saginaw Farmers Market

Why Keep Bees?

Fascination

- Honey, wax, propolis
- Bees pollinate flowers & gardens
- Help bees counter threats
- Pollen can reduce symptoms of allergies
- Improve arthritis
- Ag exemption (tax savings, rural property)



THITURAL CROPS BRING ESPECIALLY IMPORTANT

ORANG

North wind break, incl skirt on shed

Workspace in back & sides

Our Backyard Apiary

6 ft Fence (fly up) Enclosed (kids, animals)

Langstroth 10 frame

Dry, Level



Away from

foot traffic

Entrance reducers

Stand &Facing south or eastBug barrierMulch, Grass deterrent

Nearby sources of water, nectar, & pollen

Sample Starter Kit

Suit with Veil		\$80 to	\$240
Gloves	and the second second	\$25 t	o \$30
Hive Tool			\$13
Bee Brush			\$15
Smoker			\$43
Bottom Board, Reducer			\$44
Inner Cover	THE BEE OI	DDIV	\$18
Telescoping Cover 🛛 🌋	BEEKEEPERS HELPING BE	EKEEPERS"	\$37
Deep Hive Box	•Shop a	round	\$27
10 Deep Frames w/ Four	ndation		\$40
Two Medium Hive Boxes	s (at least)		\$26
20 Medium Frames w/ F	oundation		\$39
Queen Excluder			\$10
Inner Feeder			\$11
Subtotal		\$430 to	\$590
Nuc (bees with queen)	ï		\$220
Subtotal		\$650 to	\$800
		24	

- Join a club, take a class
- Much more likely to succeed!

• Add 2nd hive for

METRO BEEKEEPERS

\$500 (\$250 + **\$220**)

How	We Became Beekeepers
Learn	Class, Club, Webinars, Books, Laws, Bee yard
	Laws, Sun, Dry, Level, Stand, Neighbors, Water, Mosquito Dunks, Wind-protection
Get Stuff	Veil, Gloves, Suit, Hive tool, Smoker, Bottom board, Deep box w/ frames, 2 med boxes w/
	frames, inner cover, top cover, queen excluder, entrance reducer. 2 or more hives? Epi-pen?
Get Bees	Nuc, swarm, package, hive
Inspect	Queenright, nutrition, pests, disease, housing
Act	Feed syrup? Feed pollen? Treatments? Supers?
(one step	Rotate? Reducer? Excluder? Split? Combine?
at a time)	Requeen? Harvest? Remove boxes? Sell? Store
	frames? Order? Maintain? Insurance? Records?
	Plant & water bee-friendly plants? Taxes, Ag?
Кеер	We encountered new situations for years, even
Learning	still. Stay connected w/ MBA & good resources.
Resources	MBA, thebeesupply.com, scientificbeekeeping.com/, beeinformed.org/, honeybeehealthcoalition.org/, www.dadant.com/learn

Don't give up. You can do this! MBA can help!

Fort Worth is Bee-Friendly

Urban agriculture uses in Fort Worth Adapted from the Fort Worth Zoning Ordinance													
Zoning district	Community garden	Urban farm	Aquaponics, within a structure	General signage	Temporary sales	Farmers' market	Sale signage	Honeybees	Self-pick sales	Warehousing/ distribution			
Residential							Ø						
Commercial		Ø	Ø				☑						
Industrial	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø	Ø		Ø				

* See zoning ordinance for conditions.

Know your local laws Laws vary by city, county, & state HOA considerations

Fort Worth Ordinance 21653

Hives 6' fence Water Robbing Aggressive

Lot size	# hives
<¼ acre	2
¼ to ½	4
½ to 1	6
> 1 acre	No limit

https://www.fortworthtex as.gov/files/assets/public/ developmentservices/documents/urban -agriculture.pdf 10. Beekeeping/Apiary is allowed with the below regulations:

- a. The responsible parties, who are beekeepers, must adhere to all applicable state laws concerning the care and handling of bees;
- Honeybee colonies are kept in hives with removable frames or top bars with dividers, which shall be maintained in sound working condition;
- c. The numbers of hives is tailored to the size of the lot as follows: a maximum of two hives on lots ¹/₄ acre or smaller, four hives on lots larger than ¹/₂ but less than ¹/₂ acre, six hives on lots larger than ¹/₂ acre but smaller than 1 acre. There shall be no limit on the number of hives on lots larger than one acre. The number of hives may increase by up to 50% over the designated limits for a period not greater than sixty (60) days. The Planning and Development Director or designee shall have the authority to require a person to reduce the number of hives or require other reasonable safety precautions in an apiary in order to abate any nuisance.
- d. If a hive's orientation has the hive entrances located perpendicular to and within 25 feet or less of an adjacent property line, a solid wall, fence, hedge or combination thereof at least six feet high shall be placed between hives and adjacent property lines of developed properties, and extends at least four (4) feet beyond the hive in each direction along the property line in order to minimize interactions between bees and the adjacent property
- e. A convenient source of water is provided to the bees on the property at all times during the year to discourage bees from congregating at swimming pools, hose bibs, or other water sources where contact with humans or pets may occur.
- f. No wax comb or other material that encourage robbing by other bees is left upon the grounds of the lot; instead this material should be stored in sealed, insect-proof containers or closed buildings. For a period not greater than twenty-four (24) hours frames and hone harvesting equipment may be left in the bee yard to allow bees to clean excess honey from the equipment.
- g. If a colony exhibits aggressive behavior without provocation, the beekeeper will ensure that the colony is re-queened or otherwise managed using customary beekeeping practices;

We Have Good Neighbors

- In addition to obeying the law (fence, etc),
- Talk with neighbors before they talk to you

 Wild bees were here when we had no bees
 Explain our considerations to be friendly to them
 Ask how they feel. All were supportive, ...
- Reward neighbors with honey
- We are fortunate to have Good Neighbors who care about bees

Hawaiian Beekeeping

https://www.facebook.com/buzzon4ever/ https://www.youtube.com/watch?v=vsqELn7YeQk

Clothing

Protect face & eyes, as a minimum



Essential Tools

 Texas bees can be aggressive
 We have encountered bad surprises 11

Inspections

1. Queenright 2. Nutrition & water **3. Pests & Diseases** 4. Housing

Think ahead

 Do we need to do anything to help the bees?

MBA resources

https://metrobeekeepers. net/this-month-in-thehive-inspection-checklist/

Beekeeper's Inspection Checklist

1) OUTSIDE OF HIVE

- # of bees coming & going
- \geq Pollen going in
- **Crowded entrance**
- **Fighting or robbing** \geq
- > Weight of hive (food stores)
- Spotting (treat for nosema?)
- > Dead bees on entrance or ground
- Bees on ground (mites? poison?)
- Equipment (box, stand, weathering) \succ Nurse bee behavior
- Water source (reliable, persistent)
- Neighbor issues?
- Tall grass (pest bridges)
- Sun/shade level

2) FRAME

- Temperament of bees
- # of bees on frames
- # of frames with bees
 - If < 6 frames, combine?
- If full, split?
- > Swarm signs
- Queen cups, open, empty
- Queen cells (larvae or closed w/ pupa, bottom of frame)
- Supersedure cells (on frame sides)
- Brood pattern appropriate
- Larvae in jelly?
- Queen sighting or signs?
- > Bees with deformities?

4) BEEKEEPER

- Order ahead of time (bees, queens, equipment, jars, labels, PDB, etc)
- Equipment for supering, harvesting, wintering
- Record keeping
- Learn more (bee club, books, internet, etc.) https://metrobeekeepers.net May 2023



- Honey stores
 - If 80% full, add super
 - If low then feed
 - Have 30 lbs for winter
- Pollen, Bee bread, add sub?
- Feeder status? Add?
- Pests (Small hive beetles, Wax moths, ants, etc)
- > Drones, drone cells
- Dirty comb (replace after ~5 years)
- Burr comb (clean?)
- Cell Level
 - 1 egg at bottom of cell
- Multiple eggs in cells
- Slightly convex wax cappings
- Perforations in wax cappings
- Color & cond of wax & cappings
- Mites on pupa?
- > 300 Bee Level
 - Mite Count
 - Alcohol wash
 - Sugar Roll
 - Sticky board
 - Is it time to treat?



Threats to Bees, Warrant Inspections

Diseases

Viruses Foulbrood Nosema etc

Animals

Small Mammals (skunks, mice) Large Mammals (livestock, bears) Birds People

Parasties & Pests

Varroa Mites Small Hive Beetle Wax Moths

etc

Poor Nutrition

Not enough nectar & pollen Flowerless landscapes Mono agriculture Herbicides

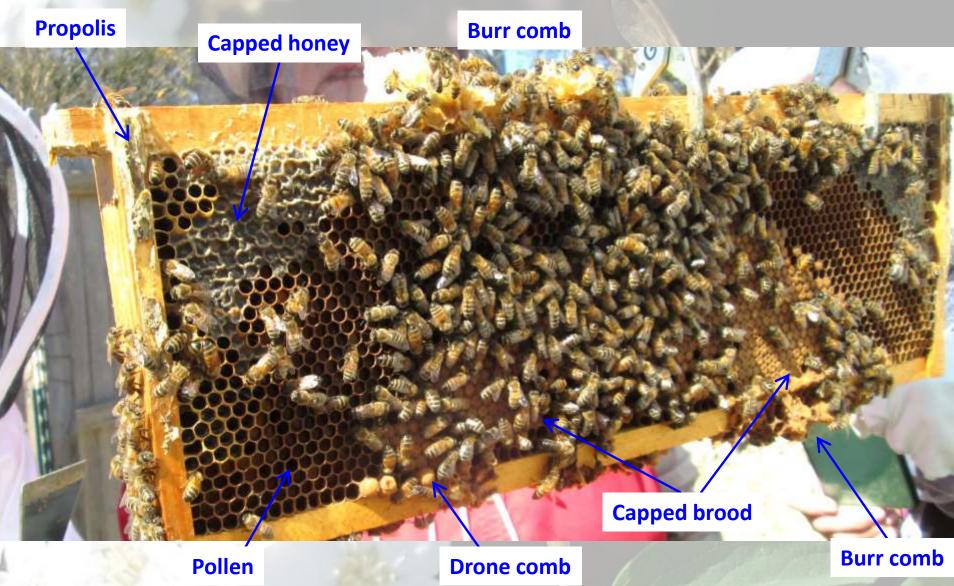
Pesticides

Neonicotinoids Pyrethroids Fungicides Herbicides etc

- Varroa is biggest single threat to bees, but watch for all
- Combined threats compound individual harmful effects
- Beekeepers have responsibilities to their bees



Inspection



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Integrated Pest Management (IPM)

- Principles:
 - -Monitor by testing (CO2, sugar, alcohol)
 - -Treat as Needed
 - -Minimal intervention (move up the triangle with caution)
 - -Check effectiveness by re-testing
 - -Adapt & adjust

Synthetic Chemical Miticides

Natural Essential oils, Chemical Organic acids

Biological

Physical & Mechanical

Genetic & Cultural

Predators, parasites, pathogens

Drone removal, Clean frames, Powdered sugar, screen bottom

> Hygienic queens, Site, comb size

Rotate treatment methods to reduce resistance

When Mite Count is <u>Below</u> Threshold

 Continue sustainable Integrated Pest Management to try to keep mite count low

Treatment	Ess Oil	Org Acid	Synth Chem	Non-Chem	Mite kill	Improved Losses	Residues	Incr	Peak	Decr	Dorm	10
Drone brood removal				Y		10%	No	н	L	L		
Brood interruption				Υ			No				Η	H N
Divide colony				Y			No	Μ	Μ	Μ		L
Requeen hygienic				Y			No	Μ	Μ	Μ		12
Basic Sanitation				Y			No	Μ		L		
Screen bottom board				Υ	<10%	3%	No	L	L	L	L	
Powdered sugar				Υ	10-30%	?	No	L				

Key H = Highly Effective M = Moderately Effective L = Least Effective

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 Combine powder sugar dust + drone brood removal
 Sanitation: cull old brood comb, space out colonies, sunny area w good drainage, clean tools btn colonies, freeze frames

Info compiled from https://www.honeybeehealthcoalition.org/Varroa/

When Mite Count is <u>Above</u> Threshold

Move up the IPM triangle

S V Z

 No Brood
 With Brood

 With supers
 No supers
 No supers

 With supers
 No supers
 No supers

 Improve
 Peak
 Decr
 Decr

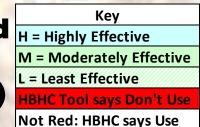
 Losses
 Peak
 Peak
 Peak

Treatment	Ess Oil	Org Acid	nth Chem	on-Chem	Mite kill	nproved Losses	lesidues	⁻ emp, °F	Incr	Peak	Decr	Dorm	Incr	Peak	Decr	Dorm	Incr	Peak	Decr	Dorm
Formic acid (MAQS, Formic Pro)		Υ			80%	24%	No	50°-85°	Н	Н	Н	Μ	Н	Н	Η	Μ	н	Н	Н	Μ
Oxalic dribble		Υ			90%	39%	No	Any					Υ	Μ	Μ	Y	Υ	Μ	Μ	Y
Thymol (Apiguard, Apilife var)	Υ				83%	30%	Some	59°-105°					н	Н	н	Μ	н	н	н	Μ
Amitraz (Apivar, Taktic)			Υ		95%	41%	Yes	Any					н	Н	н		н	Н	н	
Oxalic acid fume		Υ			90%	39%	No	Any					Y		Υ	Н	Υ	Υ	Υ	Η
Hops beta acid (Hopguard 2)		Υ			85%	0%	No	>50°	Μ	М	Н	Н	Μ	М	Н	н	Μ	Μ	Н	Н
Fluvalinate (Apistan)			Υ		97%*	7%	Yes						Y		L		Υ		L	
Coumaphos (Checkmite)			Υ		92%*	6%	Yes						Y		L		Y		L	
* For non-resistant mites																				

 Brood & broodless are same except for Oxalic Acid (but OA is ok to use w/ no brood at any season)

- Effectiveness changes (resistance, advancements)
- Rotate treatment methods to reduce resistance
- Powerful info about effectiveness, pros & cons
- Read the directions & choose your options

Info compiled from https://www.honeybeehealthcoalition.org/Varroa/



Where Did We Get Bees?

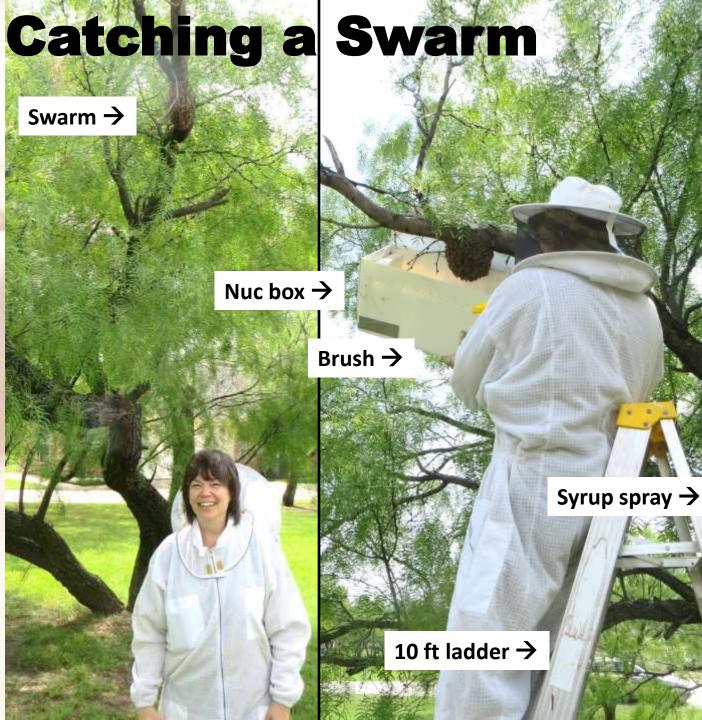
- · Local beekeeper
 - -Nucs
 - -Queens
 - -Complete hive
- Through the mail -Queens -Packages
- Catch a swarm
- Rescue unwanted established hive
 Splits



•200 bees flying free We are (Everything leaks) fully suited



- •Be Prepared - Clothing
- -Nuc box w/ frame(s)
- -Ladder?
- **-Brush**
- Syrup spray
- Mist cluster with syrup
- •Brush bees into nuc box
- Make sure queen is there
- •Time for bees to gather
- Close up



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Swarm vs Hive

• Swarm

- -Bees looking for a new home
- -No wax, brood, or stores -Very calm

• Hive

Bees have built a home here, wax comb
Brood & stores to protect
Varying temperament



Harvesting

Bin(s) with lid & empty boxes

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Buckets w/Lids

Harvesting, Inside

- Clean all equipment
- Remove bees
- Put box on tray
- Uncap 2 frames
- Spin frames in extractor
- Drain into bucket
- Have fun

Extractor

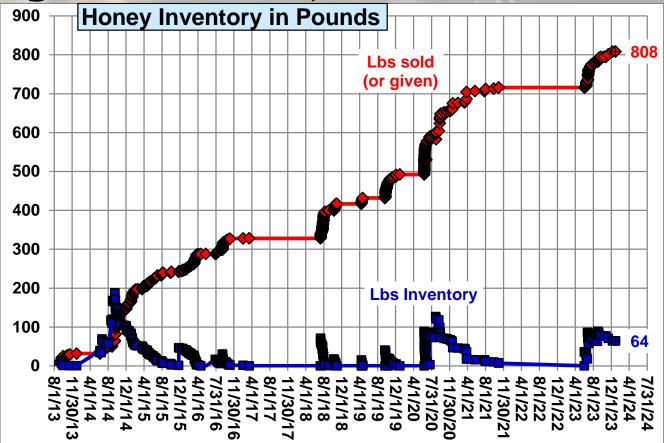
Open gate over filter

Filter on Food Grade Storage Bucket

- At least 1 day later
- Weigh filled jar to know the right level

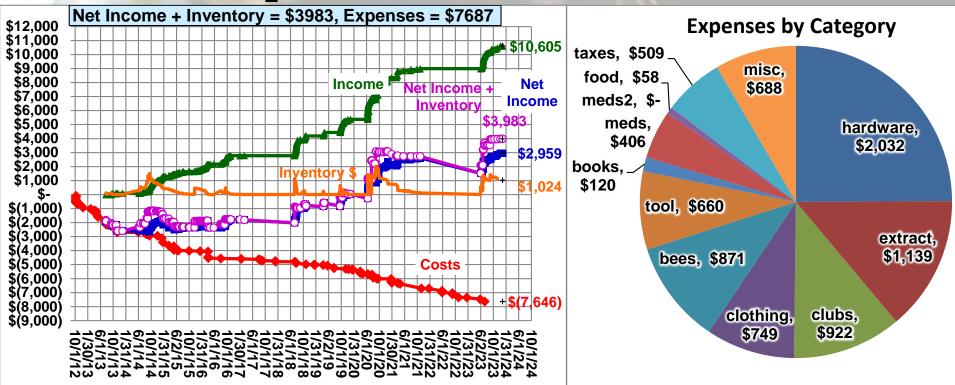


Honey Harvest, Sweet Rewards²⁷



Some years were better than others
Affected by weather, # of colonies we kept, the time/work we put into it

Expenses & Income



So far, spent \$7.6k & received \$10.6k
We didn't need all the stuff we bought
For us, it's not about the money, but it was nice when we broke even

Consider Encouraging Beekeeping

- Inspire & educate others
- •Be a mentor
- Many want to learn about bees -Friends, Family, **Schools, Nature Centers, Garden** Clubs, Youth Org, **Beekeeper Clubs** Volunteer to serve on MBA Board



- Say nice things about bees at parties
- Whatever is a good fit for you

Kindergarten Classes

-

What We Didn't Have Time to Talk About

- Deal with specific warnings in inspections (pests, diseases)
- How to do a mite count
- Treatment options
- Find the queen
- Re-queening
- Install nucs, packages, new queens
- Reducing swarming
 pressure
- Laws about selling honey & products

• What to do after a sting. Variety of reactions, even when not allergic.

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- Colony Losses,
 Disappointment, Rebuild
- Cutouts, Trap-outs
- Ventilation
- Using Queen excluders
- Feeding by season
- Dealing with hot bees
- Where could we get more information

Find the Queen

Questions?

Find the Queen

Did we mention to not give up after losses